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Digital living network alliance (DLNA) home networked device interoperability guidelines –

Part 1-1: Architecture and protocols – Core architecture and protocols

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CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	12
INTRODUCTION.....	14
1 Scope.....	16
2 Normative references	16
3 Terms, definitions, symbols, abbreviated terms and conventions	24
3.1 Terms and definitions.....	24
3.2 Symbols.....	41
3.3 Abbreviated terms.....	42
3.4 Conventions.....	42
4 DLNA home network architecture	42
4.1 General.....	42
4.2 Networking and connectivity.....	43
4.2.1 General	43
4.2.2 Network quality of service	44
4.3 Device discovery and control	44
4.4 Media management.....	44
4.5 Media formats	45
4.6 Media transport.....	45
4.7 Remote UI	45
5 DLNA device model	45
5.1 Overview.....	45
5.2 Device model elements	45
5.3 Device Functions	47
5.4 Device Categories.....	48
5.5 Device Classes and roles.....	48
5.6 Device Capabilities and roles	49
5.7 System Usages	49
5.7.1 General	49
5.7.2 2-box Pull system usage.....	50
5.7.3 2-box Push system usage.....	51
5.7.4 3-box system usage.....	52
5.7.5 Download system usage	53
5.7.6 Upload system usage	54
5.7.7 Download Synchronization system usage	55
5.7.8 Upload Synchronization system usage.....	56
5.7.9 Scheduled Recording system usage	57
5.7.10 EPG system usage	58
5.7.11 IPv6 Connectivity system usage impacts	59
5.8 Interoperability guidelines usage.....	60
6 Guideline terminology and conventions.....	62
6.1 Guideline compliance classifiers	62
6.2 Standard or specification usage classifiers.....	62
6.3 Guideline font usage conventions	63
6.4 Guideline syntax notation conventions	63
6.5 Guideline normative and informative text conventions	63

6.6	DLNA XML namespaces and schemas	64
6.7	General rules on XML documents and fragments	64
7	Guideline requirements overview	64
7.1	General.....	64
7.2	Conditions for measuring time in message exchanges	67
8	Networking and connectivity	68
8.1	General.....	68
8.2	Networking and connectivity: general capability requirements	68
8.2.1	General	68
8.2.2	General capability requirements for Ethernet	68
8.2.3	General capability requirements for IEEE 802.11	69
8.2.4	General capability requirements for MoCA.....	71
8.2.5	General capability requirements for HPNA.....	71
8.2.6	General capability requirements for HomePlug AV and HD-PLC	72
8.3	Networking and connectivity: QoS requirements	72
8.3.1	General	72
8.3.2	DLNAQOS requirements: Ethernet.....	74
8.3.3	DLNAQOS requirements: IEEE 802.11	76
8.3.4	DLNAQOS requirements: MoCA	76
8.3.5	DLNAQOS requirements: HPNA	77
8.3.6	DLNAQOS requirements: HomePlug AV	78
8.3.7	DLNAQOS requirements: HD-PLC	79
8.4	Networking and connectivity: device requirements	80
8.4.1	General	80
8.4.2	Device requirements: common.....	80
8.4.3	Device requirements: HND	84
8.4.4	Device requirements: MHD	85
9	Device discovery and control	85
9.1	General.....	85
9.2	Device discovery and control guidelines.....	86
9.2.1	DDC UPnP Device Architecture	86
9.2.2	DDC UPnP Auto IP support	88
9.2.3	DDC UPnP SSDP default port.....	89
9.2.4	DDC UPnP discovery robustness.....	91
9.2.5	DDC UPnP HTTP support and general rules	95
9.2.6	DDC UPnP HTTP/1.0 rules	98
9.2.7	DDC UPnP HTTP/1.1 transaction rules	99
9.2.8	DDC UPnP HTTP persistent connections.....	101
9.2.9	DDC UPnP device responsiveness	102
9.2.10	DDC UPnP device description rules	103
9.2.11	DDC UPnP embedded device support.....	106
9.2.12	DDC UPnP service description rules	108
9.2.13	DDC UPnP XML namespace.....	110
9.2.14	DDC UPnP action argument encoding	110
9.2.15	DDC UPnP SOAP packet size	111
9.2.16	DDC UPnP error codes.....	112
9.2.17	DDC UPnP GENA packet size	113
9.2.18	DDC UPnP subscription handling.....	114
9.2.19	DDC UPnP UUID format	114

9.2.20	DDC UPnP UUID generation.....	114
9.2.21	DDC UPnP event subscription renewals	115
9.2.22	DDC UPnP event notification handling	115
9.2.23	DDC UPnP unknown header/tag/field robustness rule.....	116
9.2.24	DDC URI rules.....	116
9.2.25	DDC UPnP device description usage	120
9.2.26	DDC UPnP UDN usage.....	121
9.2.27	DDC UPnP multi homing rules	122
9.2.28	DDC UPnP device icons	123
9.2.29	DDC UPnP UTF-8 support	125
9.2.30	DDC UPnP XML comments.....	125
9.2.31	DDC UPnP boolean types.....	126
9.2.32	DDC CP versioning.....	126
9.2.33	DDC absolute and relative URI requests	127
9.2.34	DDC maximum HTTP header size.....	128
9.2.35	DDC Device Capabilities.....	128
9.2.36	DDC DLNAQOS support	129
9.2.37	DDC Power Save Operations support	129
9.2.38	DDC Diagnostics support.....	129
10	Media management	130
10.1	AV media management	130
10.1.1	General	130
10.1.2	Device Classes and Device Capabilities requirements	130
10.1.3	General UPnP AV requirements.....	139
10.1.4	MediaServer requirements	214
10.1.5	Basic Connection Management (BCM) guidelines	263
10.1.6	MediaRenderer device requirements.....	269
10.1.7	AVT SetNextAVTransportURI action	322
10.1.8	Upload and Optional Content Management requirements.....	329
10.2	Content synchronization MM/CM guidelines	382
10.2.1	General	382
10.2.2	MM/CM: Download Synchronization Controller.....	382
10.2.3	MM/CM: Upload Synchronization Controller	383
10.2.4	MM/CM general rules for thrashing avoidance	386
10.2.5	MM/CM: DMS or M-DMS with Content Synchronization Device Option support definition	386
10.2.6	MM/CM: support for res@dlna:estimatedSize	390
10.2.7	MM/CM: operations that need CDS:UpdateObject.....	392
10.2.8	MM/CM: general rules for CDS:UpdateObject request syntax	392
10.2.9	MM/CM: general rules for server behaviour for CDS:UpdateObject	395
10.2.10	MM/CM: OCM: change metadata operation	395
10.3	Scheduled Recording Media Management guidelines	396
10.3.1	MM/SR system usage feature support	396
10.3.2	MM/SR exposing recorded content	397
10.3.3	MM/SR UPnP ScheduledRecording service	401
10.3.4	MM/SR CDS association.....	401
10.3.5	MM/SR SRS:GetSortCapabilities action	402
10.3.6	MM/SR SRS:BrowseRecordSchedules action	402
10.3.7	MM/SR BrowseRecordTasks action	405

10.3.8	MM/SR representation of allowed values description	408
10.3.9	MM/SR cdsNonEPG record class.....	410
10.3.10	MM/SR manual record class	413
10.3.11	MM/SR cdsEPG record class	415
10.3.12	MM/SR query content name record class	419
10.3.13	MM/SR query content ID record class	421
10.3.14	MM/SR query record class and EPG	422
10.3.15	MM/SR conflict resolution	424
10.3.16	MM/SR SRS>CreateRecordSchedule action	427
10.3.17	MM/SR adjustment of property values for a recordSchedule or recordTask	430
10.3.18	MM/SR SRSGetPropertyList action.....	432
10.3.19	MM/SR SRSDeleteRecordSchedule action	432
10.3.20	MMSR SRSGetRecordSchedule action	432
10.3.21	MM/SR SRSEnableRecordSchedule action	433
10.3.22	MM/SR SRSDisableRecordSchedule action	433
10.3.23	MM/SR SRSGetRecordTask action	433
10.3.24	MM/SR SRSEnableRecordTask action.....	433
10.3.25	MM/SR SRSResetRecordTask action	434
10.3.26	MM/SR SRSGetRecordScheduleConflicts action	434
10.3.27	MM/SR SRSGetRecordTaskConflicts action	434
10.3.28	MM/SR open-end recording	435
10.3.29	MM/SR media format specified recording.....	438
10.3.30	EPG, SRS, and CDS object lifespan guidelines	444
10.4	Extended Tuner media management guidelines	450
10.4.1	General	450
10.4.2	MM/ET Extended Tuner guidelines	450
10.4.3	MM/ET Extended Tuner common guidelines	452
10.4.4	MM/ET Non-Streamable Extended Tuner guidelines	460
10.4.5	MM/ET Streamable Extended Tuner guidelines.....	461
10.4.6	MM/ET Presets Containers	463
10.4.7	MM/ET EPG Server Device Option additional tuner guidelines	465
10.4.8	MM/ET Scheduled Recording Device Option additional tuner guidelines	466
10.4.9	MM/ET Virtual Tuners	467
10.5	EPG Media management guidelines.....	479
10.5.1	MM/EPG foreign metadata feature advertisement	479
10.5.2	MM/EPG Server Device Option advertisement	479
10.5.3	MM/EPG EPG object persistence guidelines	481
10.5.4	MM/EPG EPG Controller definition	482
10.5.5	MM/EPG mandatory EPG programme item properties.....	482
10.5.6	MM/EPG exposing foreign metadata	505
10.5.7	MM/EPG search guidelines.....	507
10.5.8	MM/EPG event moderation	516
11	Media Transport	517
11.1	General.....	517
11.2	Uniform Client Data Availability Model	519
11.3	Media Operations.....	521
11.4	Media Transport protocols	522
11.4.1	General	522

11.4.2	Media Transport common guidelines.....	522
11.4.3	HTTP transport.....	537
11.4.4	RTP Media Transport.....	620
12	Content transformation device virtualization	723
12.1	Theory of operations	723
12.2	Virtual device implementation	725
12.2.1	General	725
12.2.2	Virtual device conformance to guidelines	725
12.3	Virtual device, Device Discovery and Control (DDC)	726
12.3.1	General	726
12.3.2	DDC UPnP device description of virtualized device.....	726
12.3.3	DDC UPnP actions	728
12.3.4	DDC UPnP device description ssdp:byebye of virtual device.....	729
12.3.5	DDC virtual devices	730
12.4	Virtual device Media Management (MM)	730
12.4.1	General	730
12.4.2	CMS action requirement for virtual devices	730
12.4.3	MM virtual server	735
12.4.4	MM virtual renderer	745
12.5	Virtual device Media Formats (MF)	747
12.5.1	MF virtual HND server media types.....	747
12.5.2	MF virtual MHD server media types	747
12.5.3	MF virtual HND HND renderer media types	748
12.6	Virtual device Media Transport (MT)	748
12.6.1	MT virtual HND server media transport	748
12.6.2	MT virtual MHD server media transport.....	748
12.6.3	MT virtual HND renderer media types	749
12.6.4	MT virtual device control.....	749
13	3D media rendering guidelines	749
13.1	General.....	749
Annex A (informative)	Network Infrastructure Device (NID) recommendations	751
A.1	General.....	751
A.2	NID Functions	751
A.3	NID recommendations.....	751
A.3.1	General capability recommendations: Ethernet	751
A.3.2	Device recommendations: IGD.....	752
A.3.3	Device recommendations – AP	754
A.3.4	Device recommendations – Bridge NC NID bridge – Addressability	758
A.3.5	Device recommendations – Interconnect NC NID Ethernet interconnect	758
A.3.6	Device recommendations – MoCA Bridge	758
A.3.7	Device recommendations – HPNA Bridge	761
A.3.8	Device recommendations – HomePlug AV and HD-PLC Bridge.....	764
Annex B (informative)	Basic Tuner representation	771
B.1	General.....	771
B.2	Tuner objects	771
B.3	Channel objects	771
B.3.1	General	771
B.3.2	Channel order.....	771

B.3.3	Channel Number.....	771
B.3.4	Channel Name.....	772
B.3.5	Channel Title	772
B.4	Accessing a tuner channel	772
B.5	Tuner example.....	773
Annex C (informative)	UPnP devices with multiple network interfaces.....	775
C.1	Representation at the UPnP Device level.....	775
C.2	Representation at the CDS level	777
C.3	Understanding the "treated as or assumed to be routable" clause	778
C.4	Multiple <res> elements	779
Annex D (informative)	Example applications of the Uniform Client Data Availability Model.....	780
D.1	Uniform Client Data Availability Model definitions.....	780
D.1.1	General	780
D.1.2	The stream	780
D.1.3	Stored content.....	781
D.1.4	Converted content	782
D.1.5	Live content.....	782
D.2	UCDAM and media operations	783
D.2.1	General	783
D.2.2	Data ranges.....	783
D.2.3	Play data flow	784
D.2.4	Stop data flow.....	784
D.2.5	Pause and Pause-release data flow	784
D.2.6	Scan operations.....	785
Annex E (informative)	Auto-IP developer guidance	786
E.1	Goal.....	786
E.2	Overview.....	786
E.3	Suggested solution	787
E.3.1	General	787
E.3.2	Route for an Auto-IP device sending packets.....	787
E.3.3	Route for a DHCPv4 device sending packets	788
E.4	Validation example using UPnP AV applications	788
E.4.1	General	788
E.4.2	How to add a route on Windows 2000 and Windows XP?.....	789
E.4.3	How to add a route on Linux?	790
E.5	Installing routes during address transitions	791
Annex F (informative)	RTP Protocol Stack and SDP/RTSP/RTCP Parameters	793
Annex G (informative)	Guidance on address conflict resolution in Auto-IP	796
Annex H (informative)	Wi-Fi Direct for DLNA	797
H.1	Wi-Fi Direct introduction.....	797
H.1.1	Overview	797
H.1.2	Terminology.....	797
H.1.3	Group formation.....	798
H.1.4	P2P Group operation	799
H.1.5	Features that are optional in Wi-Fi Direct certification	800
H.2	Wi-Fi Direct with system usages	801
H.2.1	General	801

H.2.2	2-box system usage.....	802
H.2.3	3-box system usage.....	805
Annex I (informative) EPG Theory of Operation		810
I.1	Goal.....	810
I.2	Usage scenarios	810
I.3	The model.....	810
I.3.1	EPG data.....	810
I.3.2	FreeFormQuery	811
I.3.3	Channel lineup	811
I.3.4	Channel ordering	812
I.3.5	channelID@distriNetworkID	812
I.3.6	Advanced lineup	812
I.4	Implementation considerations	812
I.4.1	General	812
I.4.2	Discovering features and capabilities.....	813
I.4.3	Discovering EPG Servers	813
I.4.4	Discovering Tuners.....	813
I.4.5	Determining FreeFormQuery capabilities	813
I.4.6	GetFeatureList example.....	813
I.4.7	Determining FreeFormQuery capabilities	814
I.4.8	Retrieving a channel lineup.....	814
I.4.9	Obtaining an EPG grid	814
Annex J (normative) Rating systems.....		817
Annex K (normative) 3D media rendering guidelines for HDMI signal.....		825
K.1	Overview.....	825
K.2	MPEG-2 3DFC format output mapping	825
K.3	MPEG-4 part 10 3DFC format output mapping	825
K.4	3D-capable renderer HDMI format conversion.....	827
K.5	HDMI backward compatible output signalling	827
Annex L (informative) Live content use cases		829
L.1	General.....	829
L.2	Live content use cases	829
L.2.1	General	829
L.2.2	Streaming from time shift buffer (TSB).....	829
L.2.3	Streaming from in-progress recording	830
L.2.4	Live streaming	830
L.3	Guidelines clarifications	830
L.3.1	The live position	830
L.3.2	Content pacing	831
L.3.3	Server termination for live content transfer	831
L.4	Association with protocolInfo guidelines	832
L.4.1	4th field signalling related to live content	832
L.4.2	Values of 4th field for various live content and DVR use cases	833
Bibliography.....		834
Figure 1 – DLNA functional components		43
Figure 2 – DLNA device model terms hierarchy.....		47
Figure 3 – 2-box Pull system usage interaction model.....		51

Figure 4 – 2-box Push system usage interaction model	52
Figure 5 – 3-box system usage interaction model	53
Figure 6 – Download system usage interaction model	54
Figure 7 – Upload system usage interaction model	55
Figure 8 – Download Synchronization system usage interaction model	56
Figure 9 – Upload Synchronization system usage interaction model	57
Figure 10 – Scheduled Recording system usage interaction model	58
Figure 11 – EPG system usage interaction model	59
Figure 12 – Guideline layout and definitions.....	65
Figure 13 – Visual map of possible values for the attribute tables	67
Figure 14 – DLNA QoS visual organization	73
Figure 15 – UPnP discovery robustness.....	93
Figure 16 – DLNA PlayContainer URI example	262
Figure 17 – Recording conflict behaviour	425
Figure 18 – CDS and SRS object lifetimes	445
Figure 19 – Extended Tuner and its containers	450
Figure 20 – Modelling DLNA Extended Tuner.....	452
Figure 21 – UCDAM summary.....	520
Figure 22 – Example of a valid and invalid pipelined POST transaction.....	620
Figure 23 – Calculated Line	637
Figure 24 – Wall Clock Time sample accuracy distribution	637
Figure 25 – Packet with Wall Clock Time Sample header extension	640
Figure 26 – Packet with another header extension following Wall Clock Time Sample.....	641
Figure 27 – BFR packet format	649
Figure 28 – Content transformation with a virtual MediaServer.....	724
Figure 29 – Content transformation with a virtual MediaRenderer	725
Figure C.1 – UPnP Device representation	775
Figure C.2 – UPnP device on multiple networks	776
Figure C.3 – Content URIs over multiple networks	778
Figure D.1 – Abstract representation of a stream	780
Figure D.2 – A stored content stream.....	781
Figure D.3 – Stream with no random access support	781
Figure D.4 – Stream with random access support	781
Figure D.5 – Live stream with growing buffer and no random access	782
Figure D.6 – Live stream with growing buffer and random access	782
Figure D.7 – Live stream with sliding buffer and random access support.....	783
Figure D.8 – Time-delayed live stream with sliding buffer and random access support.....	783
Figure E.1 – IP mixed network (Auto-IP and DHCPv4)	787
Figure E.2 – Communication in mixed IP network.	789
Figure E.3 – New routes in address transition flow.....	792
Figure F.1 – Overview of the protocol stack for RTP transport	793
Figure F.2 – SDP and RTSP Parameters	794
Figure F.3 – RTCP Parameters	795

Figure H.1 – P2P Group.....	797
Figure H.2 – Group formation simplified diagram	798
Figure H.3 – Device discovery procedure	799
Figure H.4 – Intra-BSS distribution and Cross-connection.....	801
Figure H.5 – 2-box system usage: step 1	802
Figure H.6 – 2-box system usage: step 2a	803
Figure H.7 – 2-box system usage: step 2b.1	804
Figure H.8 – 2-box system usage: step 2b.2	805
Figure H.9 – 3-box system usage: step 1	806
Figure H.10 – 3-box system usage: step 2a	807
Figure H.11 – 3-box system usage: step 2b.1	808
Figure H.12 – 3-box system usage: step 2b.2	809
Figure L.1 – Live position to a TSB available data range.....	831
 Table 1 – Key technology ingredients	14
Table 2 – DLNA Device Classes in the HND Device Category.....	61
Table 3 – DLNA Device Capabilities.....	61
Table 4 – DLNA Device Classes in the MHD Device Category	62
Table 5 – DLNA namespace values	64
Table 6 – Allowed values for change indicator fields in attribute tables	66
Table 7 – Normative priorities for DLNA traffic types.....	74
Table 8 – Colour depth of device icons	124
Table 9 – DMR serviceType and serviceID values.....	135
Table 10 – DMS/M-DMS serviceType and serviceID values	138
Table 11 – CDS and UPnP maximum byte length.....	141
Table 12 – Namespace prefixes	151
Table 13 – Recommended metadata properties	152
Table 14 – Required res@ metadata properties	152
Table 15 – Conditionally Required ResExt metadata properties	153
Table 16 – Conditionally Required ResExt metadata properties	154
Table 17 – CDS:Search minimum support of operators	240
Table 18 – UPnP:class for searching all CDS objects	242
Table 19 – Capability ID syntax	255
Table 20 – DLNA state variables for Controller-byte seek operations	309
Table 21 – Arguments for AVT:X_DLNA_GetBytePositionInfo	312
Table 22 – Error codes for AVT:X_DLNA_GetBytePositionInfo	312
Table 23 – Capability IDs for AnyContainer support	332
Table 24 – Required Media Class UPnP values	343
Table 25 – Required UPnP createClass elements	348
Table 26 – Capability ID syntax	387
Table 27 – UPnP AV MediaServer Metadata SearchCriteria.....	389
Table 28 – dlna:objectType values	399
Table 29 – Guidelines for recorded CDS properties based on srs:class values	400

Table 30 – Recommended recorded CDS properties based on srs:class value	401
Table 31 – dlna:openDuration Property Type and Multi Value	436
Table 32 – dlna:desiredPN property type and multi value	439
Table 33 – dlna:PN property type and multi value	440
Table 34 – Capability ID syntax	448
Table 35 – Modulation format values	459
Table 36 – CDS:X_DLNA_SelectChange action parameters	472
Table 37 – CDS:X_DLNA_SelectChange action error codes	473
Table 38 – A_ARG_TYPE_DLNAChannelID state variable	475
Table 39 – A_ARG_TYPE_DLNAConnectionID state variable	475
Table 40 – DLNA Media Transfer modes	517
Table 41 – Permitted combinations of DLNAQOS_UP and Transfer Mode per Media Class	518
Table 42 – DLNA Streaming Media Operation definitions	522
Table 43 – MT Media Class Transfer Modes	523
Table 44 – HTTP prohibited operations references	599
Table A.1 – NID functions	751
Table A.2 – WMM Access Category mapping	755
Table A.3 – WMM access and IEEE 802.1D priority	756
Table A.4 – MoCA Priority mapping	759
Table A.5 – MoCA Access and IEEE 802.1D Priority	760
Table A.6 – HPNA Priority mapping	762
Table A.7 – HPNA Access and IEEE 802.1D Priority	763
Table A.8 – Homeplug AV Priority mapping	767
Table A.9 – HD-PLC PHY Priority mapping	767
Table A.10 – Homeplug AV PHY access and IEEE 802.1 D priority	768
Table A.11 – HD-PLC PHY access and IEEE 802.1 D priority	768
Table E.1 – Auto-IP route	788
Table E.2 – DHCPv4 route	788
Table E.3 – Windows routing table example for device w/DHCP address	790
Table E.4 – Windows routing table example for device w/Auto-IP address	790
Table E.5 – Linux routing table example for device w/DHCP address	790
Table E.6 – Linux routing table example for device w/Auto-IP address	791
Table J.1 – Rating systems	819
Table K.1 – Examples of mapping of S3D_video_format_type information to HDMI VSI	825
Table K.2 – Examples of mapping of SEI 3D format type information to HDMI VSI	826

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

DIGITAL LIVING NETWORK ALLIANCE (DLNA) HOME NETWORKED DEVICE INTEROPERABILITY GUIDELINES –

Part 1-1: Architecture and protocols – Core architecture and protocols

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 62481-1-1 has been prepared under technical area 8: Multimedia home systems and applications for end-user network, of IEC technical committee 100: Audio, video and multimedia systems and equipment.

This third edition cancels and replaces IEC 62481-1 published in 2013 and constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) removal of Bluetooth, printers (DMPr, +PR1+ and +PR2+), Mobile Digital Media Uploader (M-DMU), Mobile Digital Media Downloader (M-DMD), Mobile Network Connectivity Function (M NCF) and Media Interoperability Unit (MIU);
- b) removal of CEA2014 guidelines (RUISRC, RUISINK, RUICTRL, RUIPL);
- c) addition of IPv6;
- d) heading levels adjusted to be no deeper than heading level 5.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
100/2730/CDV	100/2880/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of IEC 62481 series, published under the general title *Digital living network alliance (DLNA) home networked device interoperability guidelines*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

INTRODUCTION

Overview

Consumers are acquiring, viewing, and managing an increasing amount of digital media (photos, music, and video) on devices in the consumer electronics (CE), mobile device, and personal computer (PC) domains. Consumers want to conveniently enjoy that content, regardless of the source, across different devices and locations in their homes. The digital home vision integrates the Internet, mobile, and broadcast networks through a seamless, interoperable network, which will provide a unique opportunity for manufacturers and consumers alike. In order to deliver on this vision, it was recognized that a common set of industry design guidelines would be required to allow companies to participate in a growing marketplace, leading to more innovation, simplicity, and value for consumers.

The Digital Living Network Alliance answered this challenge by taking the initiative to develop a workable framework for interoperable product design. The DLNA Home Networked Device interoperability guidelines have been created in a unique cross-industry effort that combined the efforts of over 100 consumer electronics, PC-industry and mobile device companies from around the world that worked together with the aim of achieving the world's first substantial platform for true interoperability between personal computer and consumer electronic devices. The interoperability guidelines provide product developers with a long-term architectural view, plus specific guidance for IP-networked platforms, devices and applications in the home. The interoperability guidelines will be introduced in phases over several years to accompany the market adoption of usages and the availability of needed technology and standards.

The interoperability guidelines that are the object of this document are based on an architecture (see Clause 4) that defines interoperable components for devices and software infrastructure. It covers physical media, network transports, device discovery and control, media management and control, media formats, media transport protocols, and remote user interfaces. Table 1 shows a summary of the key functional components and technology ingredients that are covered by these interoperability guidelines.

Table 1 – Key technology ingredients

Functional components	Technology ingredients
Connectivity	Ethernet, IEEE 802.11 (including Wi-Fi Direct), MoCA, HD-PLC, HomePlug-AV, and HPNA
Networking	IPv4 suite, IPv6 suite
Device discovery and control	UPnP device architecture
Media management and control	UPnP AV, EnergyManagement, DeviceManagement
Media formats	Required and optional format profiles
Media transport	HTTP (mandatory), HTTP adaptive delivery (DASH) and RTP
Remote User Interfaces	HTML5, RVU
Device profiles	CVP-2

The protocols defined in this standard are based on the DLNA interoperability guidelines version 4.0. Device implementations advertise adherence to the protocols selecting value 4.0 in the fields and flags designed to expose the DLNA protocol version.

The interoperability guidelines are intended for the following audiences:

- marketing professionals who specify requirements for home networked media products;
- developers who design and build home networked media products;
- quality assurance personnel who test and validate home networked media products.

DIGITAL LIVING NETWORK ALLIANCE (DLNA) HOME NETWORKED DEVICE INTEROPERABILITY GUIDELINES –

Part 1-1: Architecture and protocols – Core architecture and protocols

1 Scope

This part of IEC 62481-1, the DLNA guidelines series, specifies the core architecture and protocols of DLNA implementations.

The interoperability guidelines consist of five parts covering Architecture and Protocols, Media Formats, Link Protection, DRM Interoperability Systems and Device Profiles. This part of the DLNA guidelines provides vendors with the information needed to build interoperable networked platforms and devices for the digital home. The necessary standards and technologies are now available to enable products to be built for networked entertainment-centric usages. However, standards and technologies need to be clarified and options limited to ensure interoperability. The five parts of the DLNA Home Networked Device interoperability guidelines fulfill that role.

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¹ In this document, it is also referred to as AVv1.

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